



Ternarized TCN for µJ/Inference Gesture Recognition from DVS Event Frames

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Edge AI, TinyML, Smart Sensing: Energy Efficiency is Everything

- Insatiable hunger for data number of IoT (sensor) nodes in use exploding:
 83 Bn. devices by 2024! ^[1]
- On-device processing of collected data: Edge Al
- This scaling can only be sustained if nodes become even more:
 - − Cheap \rightarrow MCU-class systems
 - Powerful \rightarrow Acceleration of core algorithms
 - Versatile \rightarrow battery-powered \rightarrow energy efficiency is key!

Efficient sensor nodes: Efficient sensing + efficient processing!





Energy-Proportional Visual Sensing with DVS Cameras

• Energy-efficient sensing

Energy-proportional sensing: Only transmit information about changes in Scene

Conventional Camera: Fixed Data Rate



Dynamic Vision Sensor: Dynamic Data Rate



Processing DVS Event Data: Challenging the Event-Based Paradigm

- Conventional wisdom: Event-based processing for event data
 > Spiking Neural Networks (SNN)
- Big-name SNN accelerators: Large & Expensive!
 - Research is working on smaller, more efficient architectures
- Classical DNNs have become extremely efficient:
 - Aggressive quantization: 1-bit, 2-bit
 - Ultra-efficient acceleration: 100s TOp/s/W

Can we use highly quantized DNNs on DVS data to combine:

- Efficiency of low-precision DNNs
- Energy-proportional sensing of DVS?
 We decided to find out!



[2]: https://towardsdatascience.com/spiking-neural-networks-the-next-generation-of-machine-lea

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[3]: https://www.top500.org/

Ternary Neural Networks: The Big Brother of BNNs



Scherer et al., "CUTIE: Beyond PetaOp/s/W Ternary DNN Inference Acceleration with Better-than-Binary Energy Efficiency" IEEE TCAD/ArXiV 2011.01713



CUTIE: Accelerating TNNs with no Compromises

CUTIE: Completely Unrolled Ternary Inference Engine

- No iterative computations calculate entire filter step in one go!
- ~90% of dynamic energy goes into computation not data movement!
- SoA energy efficiency:
 - ~300 TOp/s/W for 22nm implementation
 - 3.6 µJ/Inference on CIFAR-10





The Event Frame Processing Pipeline



Contributions:

- Event frame-based processing pipeline for video classification of DVS event data
- Ternarized CNN/TCN architecture with SoA accuracy (94.5%) on DVS128 dataset (11-class)
- Hardware implementation in GF 22nm FDX, **500**× lower inference energy (2.2 μJ/inf.) vs. SoA
- Integrated and taped out as part of our latest RISC-V based MCU platform!



The Problem: DVS-Based Gesture Recognition on DVS128 Dataset

- Published in [6]
- 29 subjects recorded with DVS128 camera
 - Various lighting conditions
 - 122 samples per class
- 10+1 classes:

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- 10 pre-defined gestures
- 1 "random gesture" class freely chosen by each subject → noise class
- High-quality DVS video classification dataset!



https://research.ibm.com/interactive/dvsgesture/



[6]: A. Amir et al., "A Low Power, Fully Event-Based Gesture Recognition System", CVPR 2017

The Event Frame Processing Pipeline



- Hybrid architecture: Combine fully ternarized CNN and TCN
- CNN: encodes short-term information into 1D ternary features
- TCN: longer-term temporal context + classification





A Low-Power System for DVS Event Frame Classification



- Frame buffer: configurable, triggers inference autonomously
- Full network runs on modified CUTIE
 accelerator
- Host core only needs to calculate argmax





Ternarized DNNs Can Achieve SoA Accuracy on DVS128



Quantized Full-Precision

[6]: A. Amir *et al.*, "A Low Power, Fully Event-Based Gesture Recognition System", CVPR 2017
[12]: R. Massa *et al.*, "An Efficient Spiking Neural Network for Recognizing Gestures with a DVS Camera on the Loihi Neuromorphic Processor", IJCNN 2020
[23]: S.U. Innocenti *et al.*, "Temporal Binary Representation for Event-Based Action Recognition", ICPR 2020
[24]: J. Yang *et al.*, "Modeling Point Clouds with Self-Attention and Gumbel Subset Sampling", CVPR 2020



Energy Efficiency: Measurement Setup

Post-synthesis power simulation:

- System synthesized in GF 22nm FDX
- $V_{DD} = 0.8$ V, scaled to 0.65 V
- TT corner
- f_{clk}:
 - DVS intf./frame buffer @ 50 MHz
 - CUTIE @ 17.6 MHz
- Only consider power consumed by:
 - DVS interface
 - Frame buffer
 - CUTIE accelerator





Inference Energy: It depends how you measure!



Inference Energy: Comparison to State of the Art



[6]: A. Amir et al., "A Low Power, Fully Event-Based Gesture Recognition System", CVPR 2017

[22]: E. Ceolini et al., "Hand-Gesture Recognition Based on EMG and Event-Based Camera Sensor Fusion: A Benchmark in Neuromorphic Computing", Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2020

Conclusion: DVS + TNN Is a Great Match!

Process DVS data as event frames with ternarized DNNs to:

- Reach SoA classification accuracy of 94.5%
- Reduce inference-only energy by $500 \times$ by mapping to CUTIE

Leakage dominates steady-state power at 30 FPS:

- Power gate leaky SRAMs to mitigate idle consumption
- Opportunity: CUTIE's high throughput allows 1000's of inferences/s
 → High-frequency applications of DVS could amortize leakage by reducing idle time!



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Thanks for Your Attention!

Download these slides:

Download the paper:





https://bit.ly/3qQEh1k

https://bit.ly/3fLMEEW

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